EXTREMELY DANGEROUS POLITICAL INFORMATION

(connecting the dots - politically defining eagles and turkeys)

With all due respect, the American educational system has failed to provide the following: please consider that most people searching for the truth about America and its Republican Form of Government, fail to start at the most important documents in our Declaration of the 1776 history, Independence and the Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, (8 stat 80) You are encouraged to read the United States Supreme Court statements in Chisholm v. Georgia, 2 U.S. 419 (1793) concerning the root of the sovereignty in the United States.

In my research it has become very apparent, the early colonists were divided into two groups, one group wanted to be "free and sovereign" who issued the 1776 Declaration of Independence, declaring themselves "free and sovereign," while the other group wanted to remain loyal to the Crown of Great Britain, and did not want to participate and did not participate in the 1776 Declaration of Independence.

The group who wanted to be "free and sovereign" are mentioned as the "people of the United States" while the loyalists are mentioned as "inhabitants of the United States" and both are mentioned in the Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, (8 stat 80) specifically Article III therein.

The "people of the United States" then went on to write the Constitution of the United States for the United States of America, with its Preamble, minus its Amendments. The "inhabitants of the United States" had no participation in the Constitution, because they wanted to remain loyal to the Crown of Great Britain.

The supreme sovereigns of the United States, i.e. the "people of the United States" who were acknowledged as "free, sovereign and independent" wrote their offer in 1787 to the United States of America, in its agency capacity for both the Crown of Great Britain and the subjects thereof, known as, "inhabitants of the United States" to provide "essential governmental duties" to the

"people of the United States" and gave the United States of America authority to administratively democratically control (i.e. mob rule) the said "inhabitants of the United States," and that offer was accepted in 1789, (8 stat 80).

The two signatories to the said Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, were, the Crown of Great Britain, and the said United States, which acknowledged the states to be "free, sovereign and independent" states, that he treats with them as such, and for himself, his heirs, and successors, relinquishes all claims to the government, propriety, and territorial rights of the same and "every part thereof." The Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, was eventually passed by the Congress of the United States of America as a Statute at Large, 8 stat 80, making the said Treaty part of the laws of the United States of America for implementation.

The Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, (8 stat 80) was in reality a commercial exchange, the Crown of Great Britain surrendered dominion over land and a people the Crown of Great Britain could not economically, legally or militarily maintain control over, in exchange for trade with and taxing power over the "inhabitants of the United States," through its Agent, the United States of America.

It is absolutely necessary to fully understand the difference between the "United States" and the "United States of America." The United States is the country, while the United States of America is the nation. The United States of America does not make laws for the United States, it only makes law for the "inhabitants of the United States" presumptively having a permanent residence/domicile in the District of Columbia.

When you read Article 1 of the said Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, (8 stat 80) you will note the Crown of Great Britain retained two positions for itself, the Arch Treasurer and the Prince Elector of the

United States of America. The Crown retained control of the "public rights" of "inhabitants of the United States" in The United States of America, while it released the "private rights", of the "people of the United States" when it acknowledged the states, as "free, sovereign and independent," and "every part thereof." With the United States of America Supreme Court in a Case titled, Karnuth v. United States of America, 279 U.S. 231 (1929) stated the Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, was as operative today as it was when it was first adopted in 1783. The Definitive Treaty of Peace 1783 is also listed in the current USA Department of State, "Treaties in Force."

In reality what happened in the Definitive Treaty of Peace, 1783, (8 stat 80) is, the United States of America became an agent of the Crown of Great Britain for two reasons; to provide "essential governmental duties" to the "free, sovereign and independent" "people of the United States;" and to provide administrative democratic control (mob rule) over the "inhabitants of the United States" for collecting taxes and forwarding the same to the Crown of Great Britain.

Texas v. White, 74 U.S. 700 (1868) states what a "state" consists of, "people, land, and the law/government." You don't have to be a rocket scientist to figure out which of the three named entities cares about being "free, sovereign and independent."

roday in america, the United States of America, presumes everyone is an "inhabitant of the United States" until such time as an individual man or woman makes their own Declaration of Political Character and Status made as part of a claim for the said United States and made to the United States of America. The problem is, the average "person"/inhabitant has no idea about what I just explained to you.

HOW DID THIS HAPPEN? This transformation theft of the country happened in the government education system gradually over time, by not teaching our children the heritage of the said United States from the foundation of the country. Specifically as laid out in *Chisholm v. Georgia*, 2 U.S. 419, 2 Dall. 419 (1793).

WHAT CAN BE DONE NOW TO RECOVER THE COUNTRY SPECIFICALLY MENTIONED HEREIN?

POLITICAL PLAN OF ACTION.

- 1. First, educate yourself concerning the documents from the foundation of the country and the founding of the nation.
- Presidential Executive Order 13132, Aug. 4, 1999, published in the Federal Register Vol.64, pages 43255-43259, in Section 2(d) authorizes the making of a personal political character and status document.
- 3. Make your own personal declaration of your personal political character and status as was done in 1776, with your allegiance to the United States.
- 4. Record your personal political declaration of your political character, status and allegiance in your county Recorder's Records as a Notice to the Public.
- 5. Make your personal claim to the land of the United States and "every part thereof".
- 6. Record your personal claim to the land of the United State in the County Recorder's Records under a Notice to the Public.
- 7. Inform your government of your current political character, status and allegiance and how, now, you are solving the conflict of laws doctrine, law of the land (lex loci) versus law of the forum (lex fori) for yourself.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT:

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For a very in depth discussion of these subjects, along with historical documents, you are invited to visit the following web site:

WHERE EAGLES SOAR

(and turkeys get slaughtered)
http://www.freesovereignandindependent.com
http://www.facebook.com/michaelfromtexas